Living the

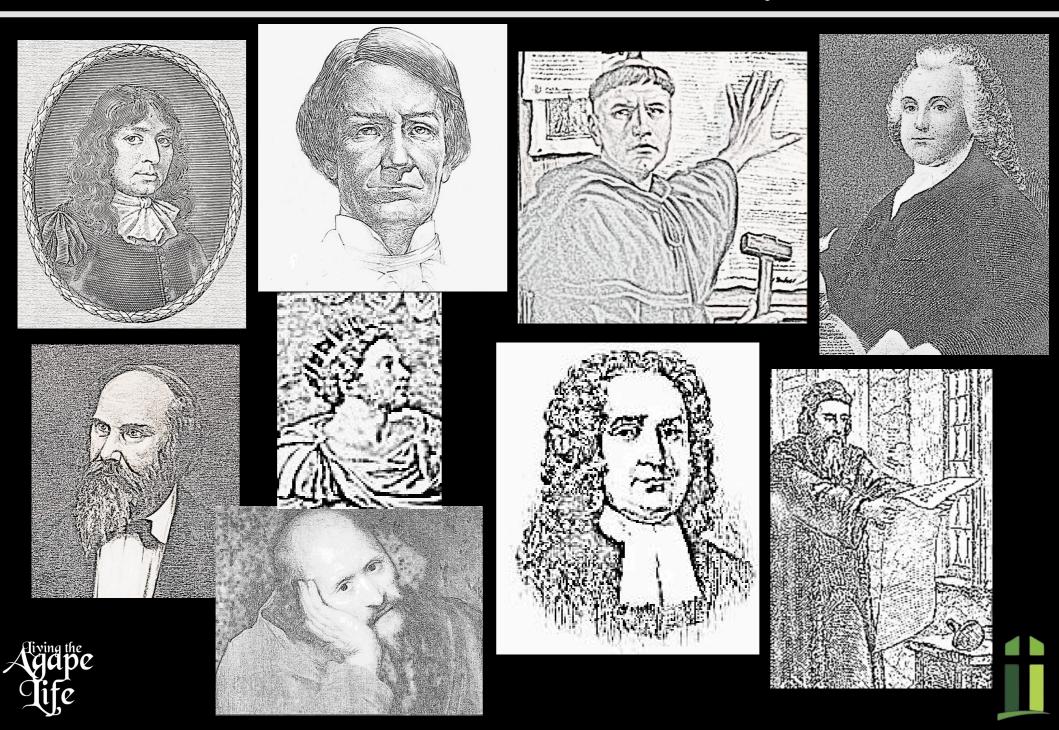


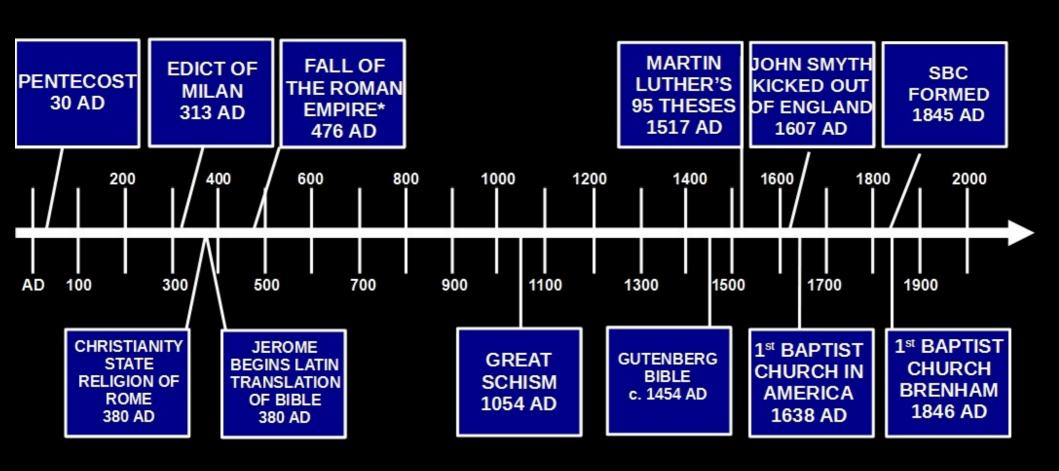




- I. The Early Years Persecution and Peace
- II. Roman Empire Declines Roman Catholicism Rises
- III. Bible Translation through the Centuries
- IV. The Radical Reformation
- V. Baptists Come to the Party
- VI. Southern Baptists Become the Life of the Party
- VII. Our Future and Our Legacy



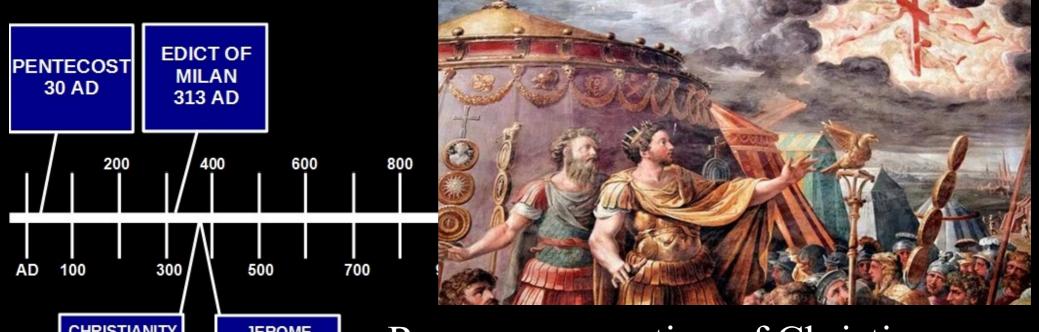








I. The Early Years – Persecution and Peace



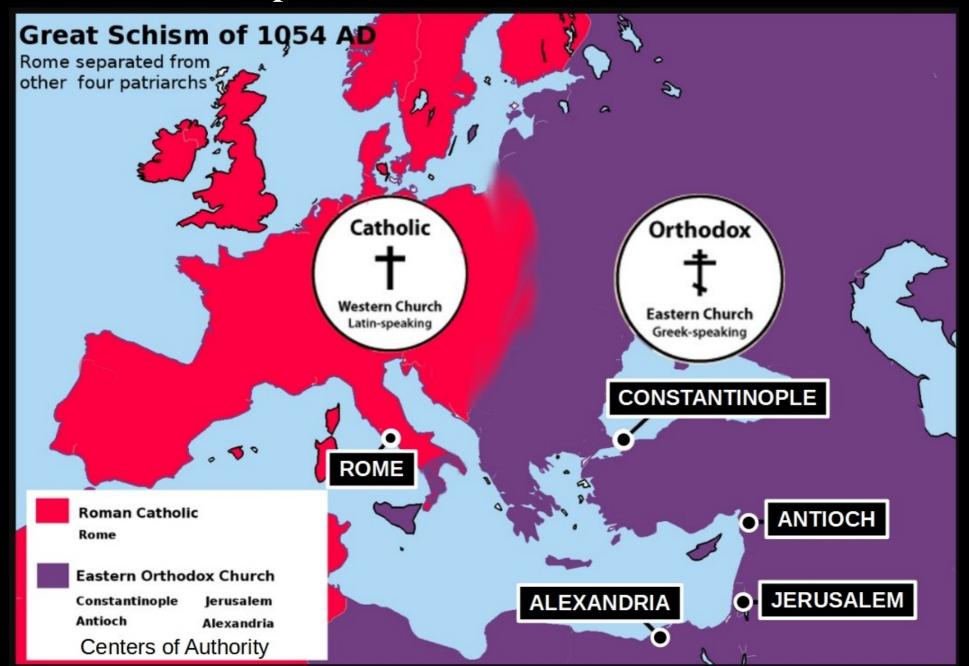
CHRISTIANITY STATE RELIGION OF ROME 380 AD

JEROME BEGINS LATIN TRANSLATION OF BIBLE 380 AD Roman persecution of Christians was sporadic through about 250 when it heated up Constantine, in 312 after the Battle of the Milvian Bridge against Maxentius, saw Christianity in a new light.

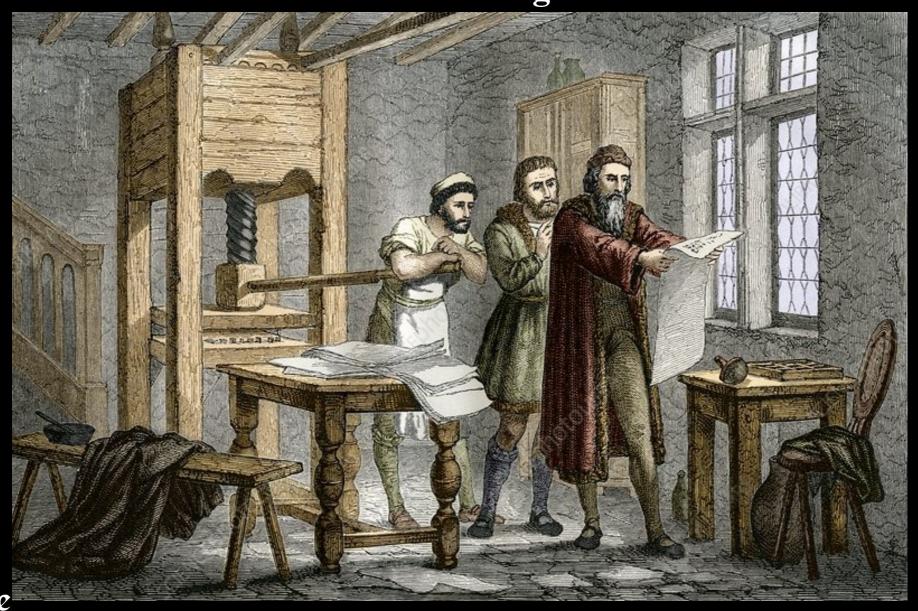




II. Roman Empire Declines – Roman Catholicism Rises

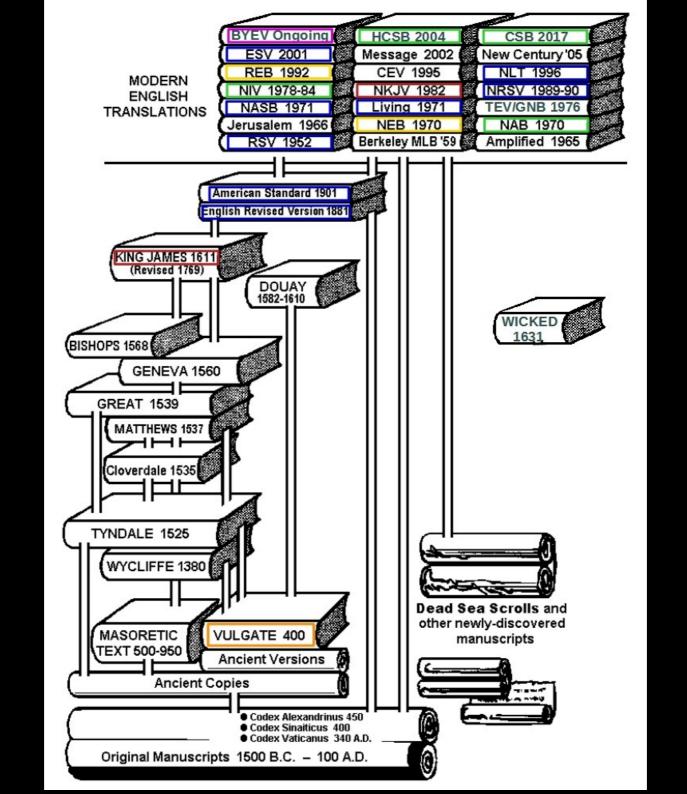


III. Bible Translation through the Centuries



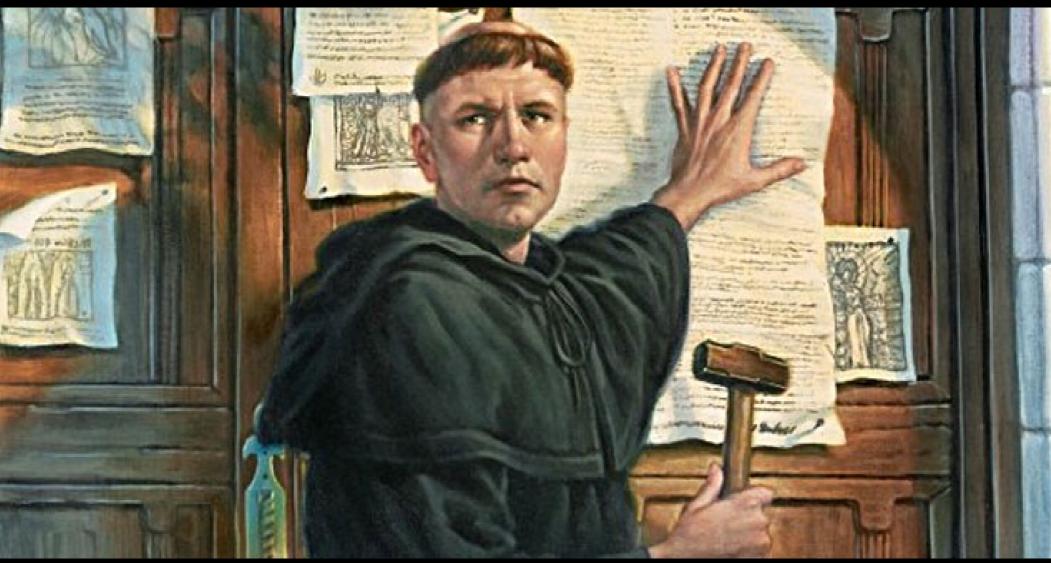








IV. The Radical Reformation







IV. The Radical Reformation

Protestants — protested the Roman Catholic Church rule and corruption

Anabaptists – began during the Reformation – adult baptism was the distinguishing belief – led to many other "denominations" such as Mennonites and Hutterites





IV. The Radical Reformation

Meanwhile in England:

- Henry VIII 1534 created the Church of England Bloody Mary 1553 1558 Sought to force England back to Catholicism
- Elizabeth I 1558-1603 Sought to restore religious tolerance in England
- James 1 1603-1625 King James Bible 1611 contained all 80 books (including Apocrypha)
- <u>Puritans</u> wanted to purify the Church of England <u>Separatists</u> — wanted to separate from the Church of England





IV. The Radical Reformation

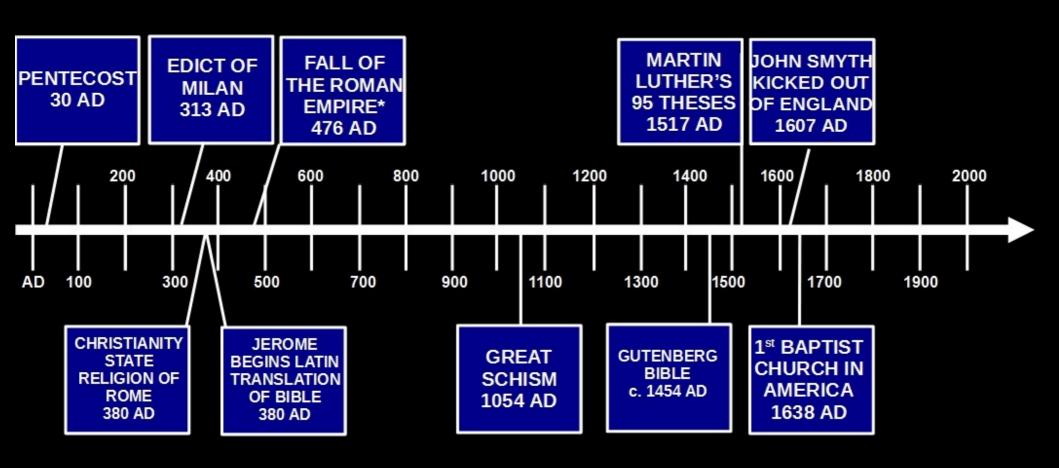
Baptists are thought to have originated in England in the early 1600's among the Puritans and did not consider themselves protestants, but Rome considered them protestants.

Their theology was influenced by Anabaptist theology concerning adult baptism and church/state connections, but there are no links between Baptists and Anabaptists except for John Smyth who visited with an Anabaptist group. He was influenced somewhat by their teachings.





V. Baptist Come to the Party







V. Baptists Come to the Party



Began as a puritan and then became a separatist

Kicked out of England – 1607

Set up shop in the Netherlands

Met up with the Anabaptists

Started as a Particular Baptist and then changed to General Baptist

Organized, with Thomas
Helwys, the first Baptist
Church in 1609



John Smyth

V. Baptist Come to the Party

Calvinism (Particular Baptists)

Total Depravity
Unconditional Election
Limited Atonement
Irresistible Grace
Perseverance of the
Saints

Arminianism (General Baptists)

Total Depravity
Conditional Election
Unlimited Atonement
Resistible Grace
Conditional Security





V. Baptist Come to the Party

Calvinists

John Calvin Roger Williams Jonathan Edwards John Knox George Whitefield **Charles Spurgeon Charles Swindoll** John MacArthur

Arminians

Jacob Arminius

John Smyth

John & Charles Wesley

Charles Finney

Dwight Moody

C. S. Lewis

Billy Graham

Rick Warren





V. Baptists Come to the Party

Was a Particular Baptist

Fought for Religious Liberty

Didn't want taxes to support the established religion

Believed land of Native Americans should not be taken

Forced to leave Salem — moved to Providence to establish the First Baptist Church in America — 1638

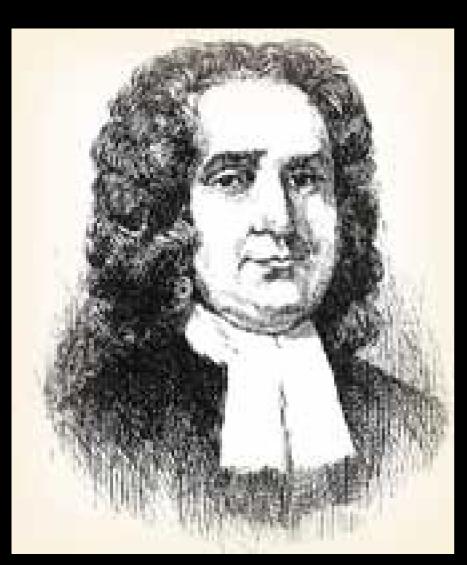




Roger Williams



V. Baptists Come to the Party



Worked as a glass maker in Plymouth and gathered some Baptists together where he taught against infant baptism

A grand jury – including William Bradford, John Alden and Miles Standish – indicted him for heresy

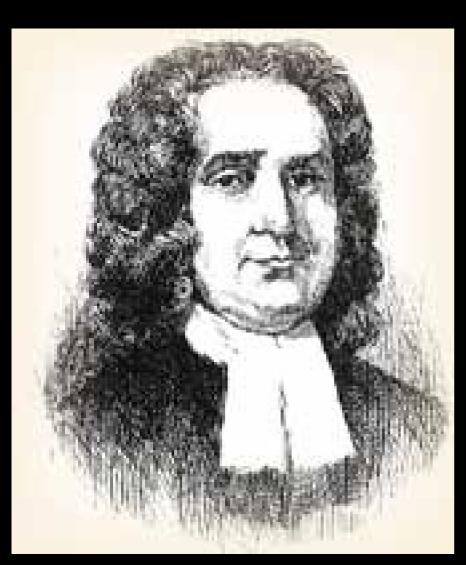
After the indictment he moved to Newport, R.I.



Obadiah Holmes



V. Baptists Come to the Party



He, John Crandall & John Clarke advocated for religious freedom

They went to Lynn, MA where they were arrested for heresy – 1651

Crandall & Clarke paid their fines but Holmes refused

He was sentenced to 30 lashes

Roger Williams spoke out about this attrocity

His great-great-great-great-great-grandson was Abraham Lincoln



Obadiah Holmes



V. Baptists Come to the Party

"The magistrate is not by virtue of his office to meddle with religion, or matters of conscience." - John Smyth

"All civil states, with their officers of justice, in their respective constitutions and administrations, are proved essentially civil, and therefore not judges, governors, or defenders of the spiritual, or Christian, state and worship." - Roger Williams

Baptist preacher John Leland, a friend to both Thomas Jefferson and James Madison, helped ensure the inclusion of the First Amendment in the U.S. Constitution, guaranteeing religious liberty.





V. Baptists Come to the Party

First Amendment

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

<u>Danbury Baptist Association – Connecticut – 1801</u>

Believing with you that religion is a matter which lies solely between man and his God, that he owes account to none other for his faith or his worship, that the legislative powers of government reach actions only, and not opinions, I contemplate with sovereign reverence that act of the whole American people which declared that their legislature would "make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof," thus building a wall of separation between Church and State.

gape - Thomas Jefferson, President of the United States



VI. Southern Baptists Become the Life of the Party

